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FIG. 5A

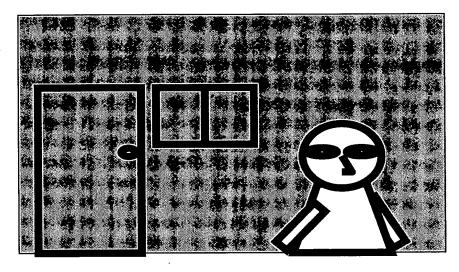


FIG. 5B

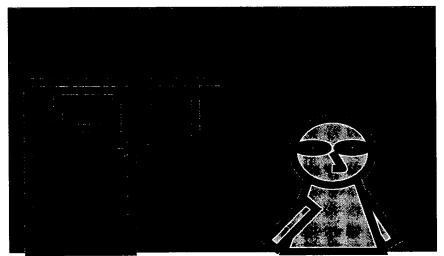


FIG. 5C



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FIG. 6

START

S1

USER OF IMAGE PROCESSING APPARATUS 100 CONNECTS DIGITAL CAMERA USED FOR IMAGING TO EXTERNAL INTERFACE 106. ALTERNATIVELY, WHEN CAPTURED IMAGE DATA IS IN A PORTABLE MEDIA SUCH AS MO, THEE PORTABLE MEDIA IS SET ON MEDIA DRIVE 112.

S2

EXTRACTION OF TARGET IMAGE DATA FROM DIGITAL CAMERA OR PORTABLE MEDIA SUCH AS MO, AND COPIED TO HDD 111, FOR EXAMPLE. FURTHER, IMAGE DATA IS SENT TO MEMORY 102.

S3

CHECKING ON WHETHER OR NOT EACH PIXEL OF FIRST IMAGE IS SATURATED. LET SATURATED POSITION BE (Xc, Yc). LET NON-SATURATED POSITION BE (Xu, Yu).

S4

ASSUMPTION VALUE OF PIXEL IN SATURATED POSITION (Xc, Yc) AMONG FIRST IMAGE IS OBTAINED USING VALUE CALCULATED FROM DIFFERENCE BETWEEN SECOND IMAGE AND THIRD IMAGE. SATURATED POSITION IS OVERWRITTEN BY ASSUMPTION VALUE.

S5

VALUE IS MADE WITHIN THE RANGE OF 0 TO 255 BY NORMALIZATION

S6

OVERWRITTEN FIRST IMAGE IS OUTPUTTED

END

FIG. 7

S41

SATURATED PIXEL POSITION (Xc, Yc) AND NON-SATURATED PIXEL POSITION (Xu, Yu) OF FIRST IMAGE ARE ACQUIRED

S42

PIXEL VALUES OF FIRST, SECOND, THIRD IMAGE (Ru1, Gu1, Bu1), (Ru2, Gu2, Bu2), (Ru3, Gu3, Bu3) CORRESPONDING TO NON-SATURATED PIXEL POSITION (Xu, Yu) OF FIRST IMAGE, AND PIXEL VALUES OF FIRST, SECOND, THIRD IMAGE (Rc1, Gc1, Bc1), (Rc2, Gc2, Bc2), (Rc3, Gc3, Bc3) CORRESPONDING TO THE SATURATION PIXEL POSITION (Xc, Yc) OF FIRST IMAGE

S43

$$P(Xu, Yu) = \sqrt{\left(\frac{(Ru1 - Ru3)}{(Ru2 - Ru3)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{(Gu1 - Gu3)}{(Gu2 - Gu3)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{(Bu1 - Bu3)}{(Bu2 - Bu3)}\right)^2}$$
IS CALCULATED

S44

$$S = \frac{\sum P(Xu, Yu)}{n}$$

IS CALCULATED, WHERE n IS NUMBER OF NON-SATURATED PIXELS IN FIRST IMAGE

FIG. 8

S44

S45

SATURATED PIXEL POSITION (Xc, Yc) IN FIRST IMAGE IS ACQUIRED, TEMPORARY COMPENSATION PIXEL VALUES (Rcq, Gcq, Bcq) IN EACH POSITION (Xc,Yc) ARE CALCULATED ACCORDING TO FOLLOWING EQUATIONS

 $Rcq = (Rc2 - Rc3) \times S + Rc3$

 $Gcq = (Gc2 - Gc3) \times S + Gc3$

 $Bcq = (Bc2 - Bc3) \times S + Bc3$

S51

MAXIMUM:DMAX IS CALCULATED ABOUT ALL PIXELS OF PIXEL VALUES (Ru, Gu, Bu) FOR NON-SATURATED PIXEL AND TEMPORARY COMPENSATION PIXEL VALUES (Rcq, Gcq, Bcq) FOR SATURATED PIXEL (Xc, Yc) IN FIRST IMAGE

S52

NORMALIZATION PROCESS

COMPENSATION PIXEL VALUE (Ruf, Guf, Buf) IN NON-SATURATED PIXEL POSITION (Xu, Yu) AND COMPENSATION PIXEL VALUES (Rcf, Gcf, Bcf) IN SATURATED PIXEL POSITION (Xc, Yc) ARE CALCULATED

(1) IN THE CASE OF NON-SATURATED PIXEL (Xu, Yu),

Ruf = (Ru / Dmax) \times 255

Guf = $(Gu / Dmax) \times 255$

Buf = $(Bu / Dmax) \times 255$

(1) IN THE CASE OF SATURATED PIXEL (Xc. Yc).

 $Rcf = (Rcq / Dmax) \times 255$

 $Gcf = (Gcq / Dmax) \times 255$

 $Bcf = (Bcq / Dmax) \times 255$

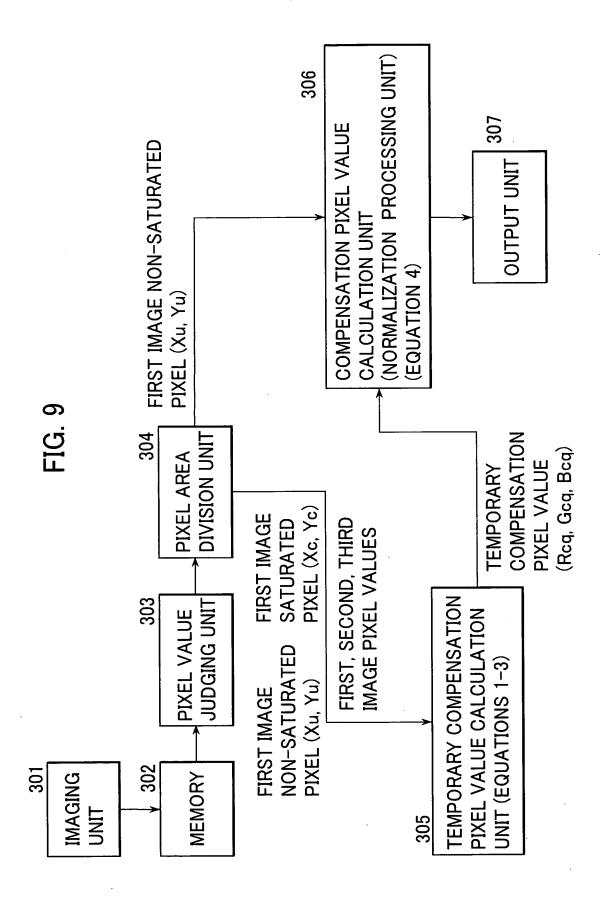
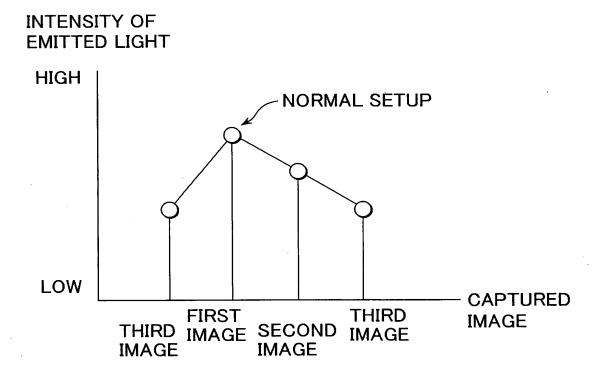
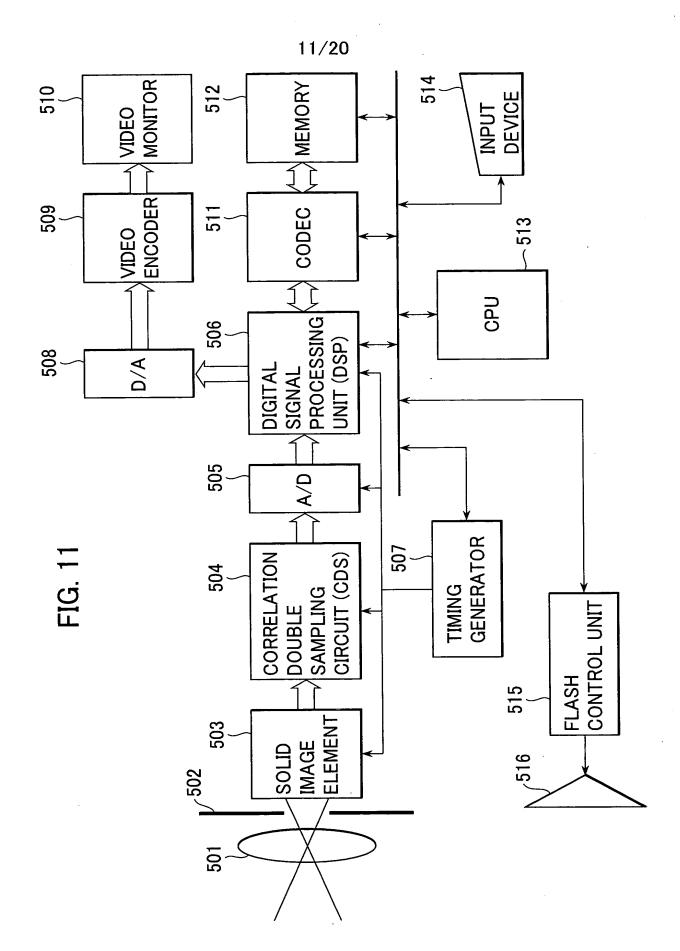


FIG. 10





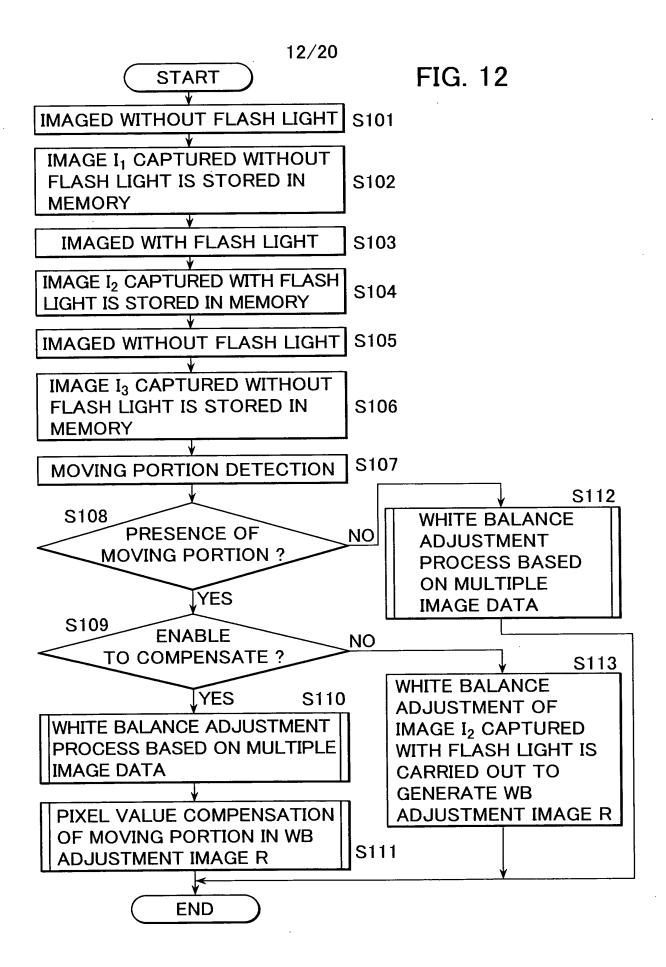


FIG. 13

START OF WHITE BALANCE ADJUSTMENT PROCESS BASED ON MULTIPLE IMAGE DATA

S201

DIFFERENCE IMAGE DATA $F = I_2 - I_1$ IS GENERATED

S202

WHITE BALANCE (WB) ADJUSTMENT IS PERFORMED BASED ON THE PARAMETER IN WHICH DIFFERENCE IMAGE DATA F IS SET UP ACCORDING TO FLASH LIGHT, FURTHER, COMPENSATION IMAGE F' SUBJECTED TO LEVEL ADJUSTMENT IS GENERATED

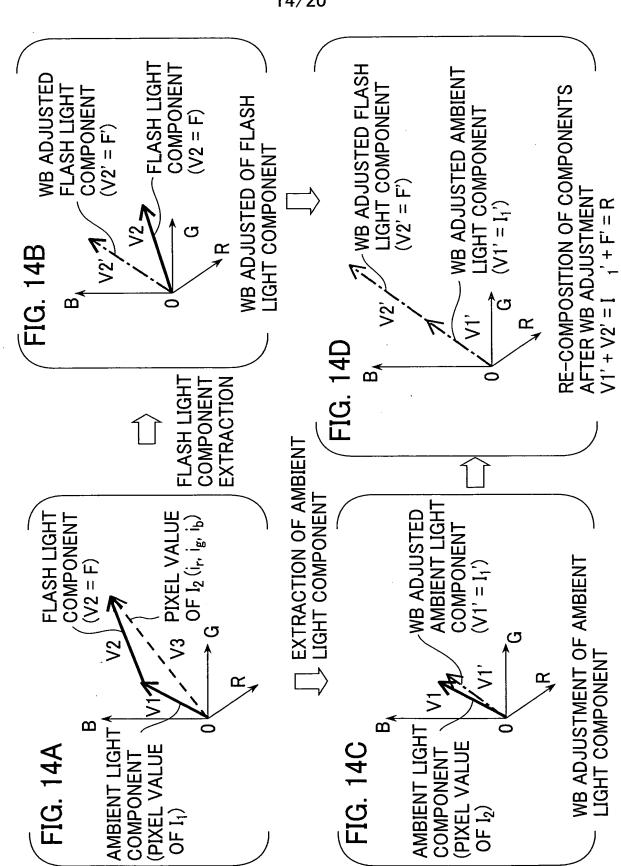
S203

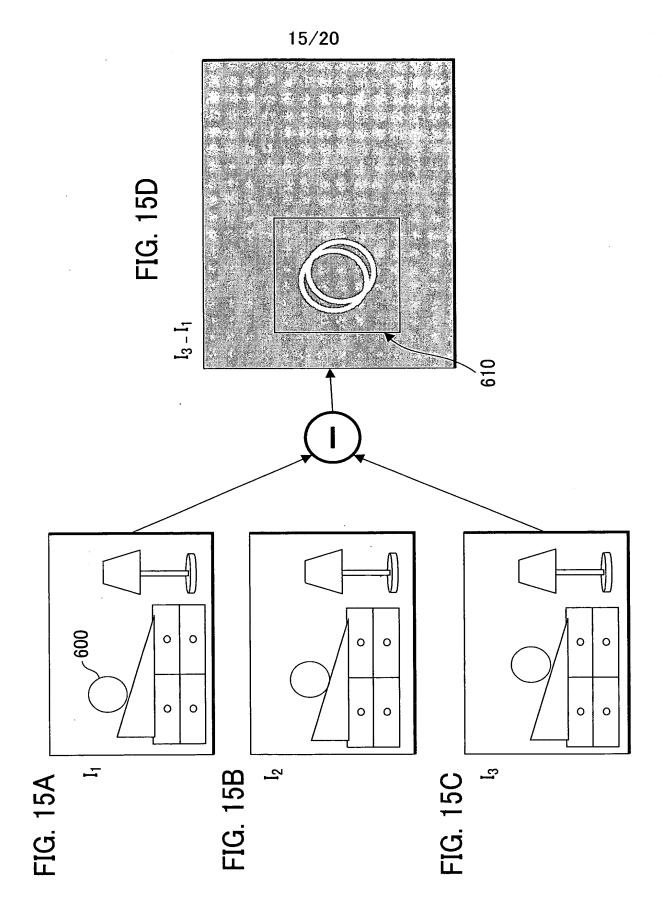
BASED ON PARAMETER IN WHICH IMAGE DATA I_1 CAPTURED WITHOUT FLASH LIGHT IS SET UP ACCORDING TO AMBIENT LIGHT, WHITE BALANCE (WB) ADJUSTMENT IS PERFORMED TO GENERATE COMPENSATION IMAGE I_1 '

S204

WHITE BALANCE (WB) ADJUSTMENT IMAGE $R = I_1' + F'$ IS GENERATED

END OF WHITE BALANCE ADJUSTMENT PROCESS BASED ON PLURAL IMAGE DATA





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FIG. 16

START OF PIXEL VALUE COMPENSATION OF MOVING PORTION IN WB ADJUSTMENT IMAGE RD

VALUE k' OF PERIPHERAL PIXEL 651 OF MOVING PORTION IS COMPUTED

S301

BASED ON k' OF SAMPLE POINT, RBF IS CONSTRUCTED

S302

FIRST COLOR CONVERSION IS
PERFORMED IN QUEST OF k' OF THE
PIXEL OF MOVING PORTION, AND IT
ASKS FOR FIRST COMPENSATION
IMAGE R'

S303

RATIO (α r, α g, α b) OF EACH COLOR COMPONENT OF INNER CIRCUMFERENCE PIXEL 650 OF MOVING PORTION TO ADJACENT PIXEL IS COMPUTED FOR COMPENSATION IMAGE R'

S304

RBF IS BUILT BASED ON (α r, α g, α b) IN SAMPLE POINT

S305

 $(\alpha r, \alpha g, \alpha b)$ OF PIXEL OF MOVING PORTION IS OBTAINED, AND SECOND COLOR CONVERSION IS PERFORMED SO AS TO OBTAIN SECOND COMPENSATION IMAGE R"

S306

END OF PIXEL VALUE COMPENSATION OF MOVING PORTION IN WB ADJUSTMENT IMAGE R

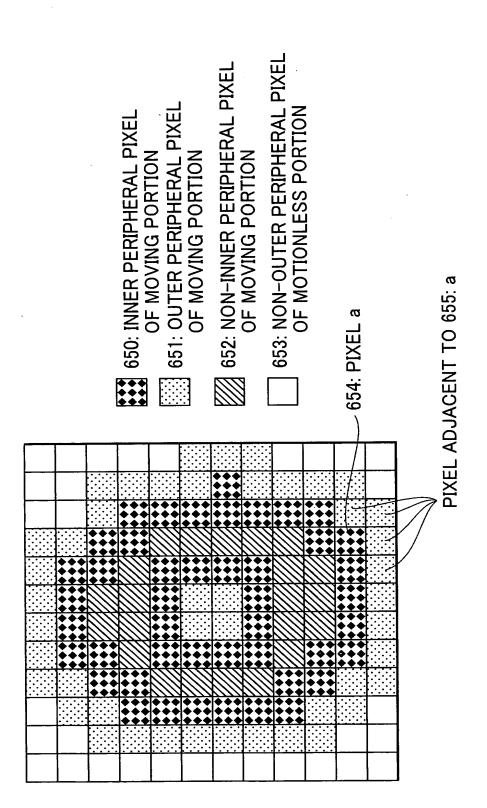


FIG. 1.

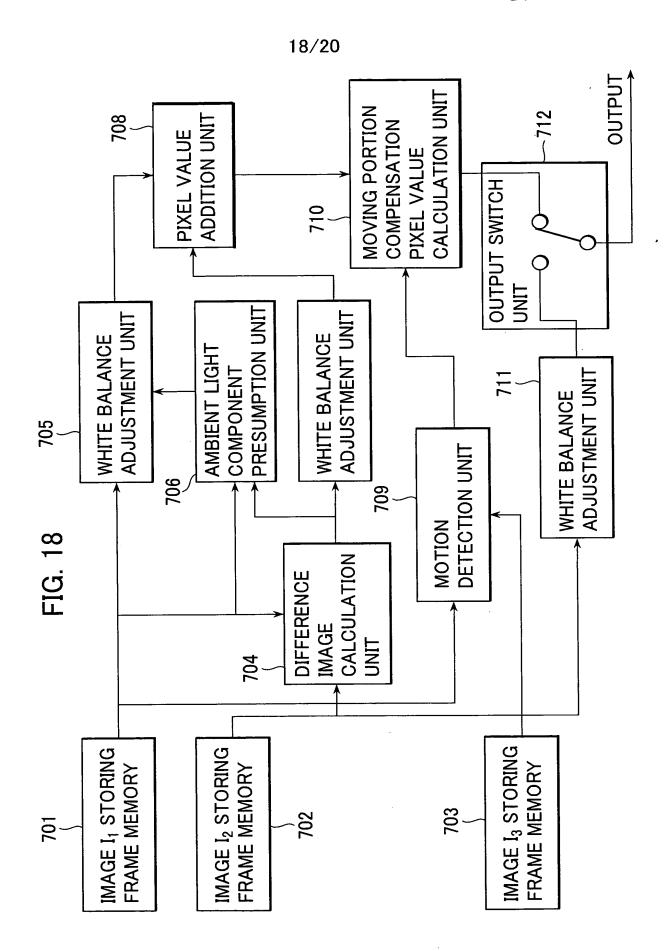


FIG. 19

START OF WHITE BALANCE ADJUSTMENT PROCESSING BASED ON PLURAL IMAGE DATA

S401

DIFFERENCE IMAGE DATA $F = I_2 - I_1$ IS GENERATED

S402

BASED ON PARAMETER IN WHICH DIFFERENCE IMAGE DATA F IS SET UP ACCORDING TO AMBIENT LIGHT IS SUBJECTED TO WHITE BALANCE (WB) ADJUSTMENT TO GENERATE COMPENSATION IMAGE F'

S403

FIRST WHITE BALANCE (WB) ADJUSTMENT IMAGE $R_1 = I_1 + F'$ IS GENERATED

S404

FIRST WHITE BALANCE (WB) ADJUSTMENT IMAGE R_1 IS FURTHER SUBJECTED TO WHITE BALANCE (WB) ADJUSTMENT TO GENERATE SECOND WHITE BALANCE (ADJUSTMENT) IMAGE R_2

END OF WHITE BALANCE
ADJUSTMENT PROCESSING BASED
ON PLURAL IMAGE DATA

